

The key challenges of the solar cell manufacturer are to fabricate highly efficient and cost-effective solar cells by using very thin absorber layer. Since the thickness of absorber layer has a significant impact on photo-generated exactions and charge carrier extraction, it is an important option for solar cell structuring (Atowar Rahman, 2021).

Diverse photovoltaic cell types have been developed, including crystalline silicon cells (achieving up to 27.6% efficiency), multijunction cells (reaching up to 47.4% ...

We demonstrate that the direct application of numerical packets like Comsol to plasmonic effect in solar cells metallically modified in nano-scale may be strongly inaccurate if quantum corrections are neglected. The near-field coupling of surface plasmons in metallic nanoparticles deposited on the top of a solar cell with band

Organic-inorganic hybrid halide perovskite (PVK) materials have attracted enormous interest in solar cell applications, and the power conversion efficiency (PCE) of single-junction perovskite solar cells (PSCs) has ...

Enhancement of Dye-Sensitized solar cells performance by core shell Ag@organic (organic=2-nitroaniline, PVA, 4-choloroaniline and PVP): Effects of shell type on photocurrent. ... which may causes adverse effects on medicinal applications, in addition to the environmental degradation. To overcome the drawbacks of physical and chemical ...

The enhancement of the light harvesting yield of dye-sensitized solar cells can also enhance the short-circuit photocurrent (J sc) in dye-sensitized solar cells, which ultimately increases the PCE ...

Organic-inorganic hybrid perovskites and transition metal dichalcogenides are promising materials for solar cells and other optoelectronic devices and specially for ...

The device using PTEG-1 as the EEL shows a negligible light soaking effect, with a power conversion efficiency (PCE) of 15.2% before light soaking and a minor increase to 15.7% after light soaking. ... Elimination of the light soaking effect and performance enhancement in perovskite solar cells using a fullerene derivative S. ...

Using plasmonic nanostructures for photocurrent enhancement in solar cells has some technical barriers that are important to consider, such as (i) parasitic absorption, i.e., photocarrier loss, which produces heat via nonradiative channels as reported by Santbergen et al., Gee et at., and Palanchoke et al. . This can be controlled ...

The efficiency of thin-film solar cells can be increased considerably by coupling the solar cells with plasmonic



nanoparticles. However, while the benefits of utilizing plasmonic nanoparticles has formerly been recognized, the physical properties of the nanoparticles at which the conversion efficiency is optimized have not yet been ...

The numerous defect-induced non-radiative recombination losses and residual stress in the preparation of perovskite film greatly hinder the further ...

Recently, an interesting light-induced performance enhancement (LIE) effect has been observed in SHJ solar cells. Herein, the kinetics and stability of the LIE effect during repeated cycles of light soaking and subsequent dark annealing at 150 °C are investigated. ... This means that LIE effect in SHJ solar cells is not stable. The underlying ...

A novel material for use as an absorber layer in perovskite solar cells is Cs (_2) TiBr (_6) is a particular kind of metal halide perovskite that has drawn a lot of interest because of its distinctive qualities, including its high absorption coefficient and excellent stability [37,38,39]. As a result, by providing a competitive alternative to ...

Organic-inorganic halide perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have attracted interest in the solar cell research community due to their excellent optoelectronic properties including long carrier diffusion length, ...

1 Introduction. Organic-inorganic halide perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have attracted interest in the solar cell research community due to their excellent optoelectronic properties including long carrier ...

Further boosting the power conversion efficiencies (PCEs) of perovskite solar cells (PSCs) without excessively increasing production expenses is critical for ...

Despite the optoelectronic similarities between tin and lead halide perovskites, the performance of tin-based perovskite solar cells remains far behind, with the highest reported efficiency to date being ?14%.

Interfacial defects at the electron transport layer (ETL) and perovskite (PVK) interface are critical to the power conversion efficiency (PCE) and stabilities of the perovskite solar cells (PSCs) via significantly affecting the quality of both interface contacts and PVK layers. Here, we demonstrate a simple ionic bond passivation method, employing Na2S solution ...

Despite presenting near unity absorbed photon-to-electron quantum efficiencies in a broad range of incident photon wavelengths, organic photovoltaic donor-acceptor (D-A) cells have overall power...

Fig. 4 shows the structure of the Ag@organic NPs and plasmonic enhanced dye synthesized solar cells. The Ag@organic core shell nanoparticles are embedded in the mesoporous TiO 2 layer and the local plasmonic resonances arising from Ag@organic core shell nanoparticles increase the optical absorption of dye molecules



in ...

The numerous defect-induced non-radiative recombination losses and residual stress in the preparation of perovskite film greatly hinder the further improvement of the efficiency and stability of flexible perovskite solar cells (PSCs). Here, a natural spice 7-amino-4-(trifluoromethyl)-2-benzopyrone (ATB) containing amino (-NH2), carbonyl ...

Optical properties of core-shell nanoparticles. The fundamental underpinnings of core-shell plasmon enhanced phenomena for solar cell applications depend on four mechanisms, namely near-field coupling, far-field scattering, hot electron transfer (HET) and plasmon resonant energy transfer (PRET), as shown in Fig. 1.Near ...

Broadband Enhancement of PbS Quantum Dot Solar Cells by the Synergistic Effect of Plasmonic Gold Nanobipyramids and Nanospheres. ... this work reveals the intriguing plasmonic effect of Au BPs in CQD solar cells and may provide insight into the future plasmonic enhancement for solution-processed new-generation ...

Semantic Scholar extracted view of "Performance enhancement of solar photovoltaic cells using effective cooling methods: A review" by S. Sargunanathan et al. ... In this study, an experimental research concerning the effects of passive cooling on performance parameters of silicon solar cells was presented. An aluminum heat sink ...

In-depth assessments of cutting-edge solar cell technologies, emerging materials, loss mechanisms, and performance enhancement techniques are presented ...

Morphology and Performance Enhancement through the Strong Passivation Effect of Amphoteric Ions in Tin-based Perovskite Solar Cells. ... are significant barriers to the commercialization of perovskite solar cells (PvSCs); therefore, alternative elements such as tin (Sn), germanium (Ge), antimony (Sb), bismuth (Bi) and copper (Cu) ...

The origins of performance enhancement in hybrid plasmonic organic photovoltaic devices are often embroiled in a complex interaction of light scattering, localized surface plasmon resonances, exciton-plasmon energy transfer and even nonplasmonic effects. To clearly deconvolve the plasmonic contributions from a single nanostructure, we herein ...

1 Introduction. Organic-inorganic halide perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have attracted interest in the solar cell research community due to their excellent optoelectronic properties including long carrier diffusion length, [] high absorption coefficient, [] and easily tunable bandgaps. [] Although PSCs have shown power conversion

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Tin-based perovskites are promising candidates for preparing lead-free perovskite solar cells due to the optimal bandgap and excellent optoelectronic properties, while the low formation energy of Sn 2+ vacancy and facile oxidation of Sn 2+ to Sn 4+ lead to low efficiency and poor air instability of tin-based PSCs. Here, zinc acetate (ZnAc 2) is ...

Enhancement of photoelectric performance for CsPbI 2 Br solar cells by the synergistic effect of binary additives. ... All-inorganic perovskite solar cells (PSCs) ... The effects of different additives on PSCs performance were studied. N-GQDs intentionally play a substantial role in suppressing the traps density, improving the interface between ...

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